Appl. No. 10/017,033 Amdt. dated November 24, 2004 Reply to Office Action of October 27, 2004



Amendments to the Claims:

Please amend the claims as indicated in the following listing of claims, which replaces all prior versions and listings of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Currently Amended) A method for forming an optical waveguide on a substrate in a process chamber, the method comprising:

depositing an undercladding layer over the substrate;

forming a plurality of separated optical cores over the undercladding layer, the plurality of optical cores defining a sequence of gaps <u>having a width between 1 and 2 µm and an aspect ratio between 2:1 and 7:1;</u> and

depositing an a first uppercladding layer over the plurality of cores and within the gaps with a high-density plasma process that includes simultaneous deposition and sputtering components and having a deposition-sputter ratio between 3:1 and 10:1 to fill the gaps, wherein the deposition-sputter ratio is defined as the ratio of a sum of a net deposition rate and a blanket sputtering rate to the blanket sputtering rate for the high-density plasma process; and

depositing a second uppercladding layer over the first uppercladding layer with a PECVD process to completely fill the gaps.

2. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein depositing the **first** uppercladding layer comprises:

flowing an oxygen-containing gas and a silicon-containing gas into the process chamber to produce a gaseous mixture;

generating a high-density plasma from the gaseous mixture; and depositing a silicate glass layer over the at least one core with the high-density plasma.

- 3. (Original) The method recited in claim 2 wherein a flow rate of the oxygen-containing gas is more than 1.8 times a flow rate of the silicon-containing gas.
- 4. (Original) The method recited in claim 3 wherein the flow rate of the oxygen-containing gas is greater than 175 sccm and the flow rate of the silicon containing gas is between 80 and 110 sccm.
- 5. (Original) The method recited in claim 4 wherein the oxygen-containing gas comprises O₂ and the silicon-containing gas comprises SiH₄.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 2 wherein depositing the **first** uppercladding layer further comprises flowing an inert gas into the process chamber with a nonzero flow rate less than 200 sccm.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 2 wherein depositing the **first** uppercladding layer further comprises flowing a fluorine-containing gas into the process chamber with a flow rate between 10 and 20 sccm.
- 8. (Original) The method recited in claim 7 wherein the fluorine-containing gas comprises SiF₄.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 2 wherein depositing the **first** uppercladding layer further comprises flowing a phosphorus-containing gas into the process chamber with a nonzero flow rate less than 30 sccm.
- 10. (Original) The method recited in claim 9 wherein the phosphorus-containing gas comprises PH₃.

Reply to Office Action of October 27, 2004

11. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 2 wherein depositing the **first** uppercladding layer further comprises flowing a boron-containing gas into the process chamber with a nonzero flow rate less than 20 sccm.

- 12. (Original) The method recited in claim 11 wherein the boron-containing gas comprises BF₃.
- 13. (Original) The method recited in claim 2 further comprising applying an RF source power to the process chamber, the RF source power having a power density between 6 and 30 W/cm².
- 14. (Previously Presented) The method recited in claim 2 further comprising applying an RF bias power to the substrate, the RF bias power having a nonzero power density less than 16 W/cm².
- 15. (Previously Presented) The method recited in claim 2 wherein depositing the silicate glass layer comprises depositing the silicate glass layer at a pressure less than 12 millitorr.
- 16. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein depositing the **first** uppercladding layer comprises:

flowing O₂ into the process chamber with a flow rate greater than 175 sccm; flowing SiH₄ into the process chamber with a flow rate between 80 and 110 sccm such that a ratio of the O₂ flow rate to the SiH₄ flow rate is greater than 1.8:1;

flowing SiF₄ into the process chamber with a flow rate between 10 and 20 sccm; flowing Ar into the process chamber with a nonzero flow rate less than 200 sccm; generating a high-density plasma from the gases flowed into the process chamber;

and

applying an RF bias power to the substrate, the RF bias power having a nonzero power density less than 16 W/cm².

17. (Previously Presented) The method recited in claim 1 further comprising: etching a portion of the uppercladding layer in the gaps defined by the plurality of optical cores; and

depositing a second uppercladding layer over the etched uppercladding layer.

- 18. (Original) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the high-density plasma process comprises a high-density plasma electron-cyclotron-resonance process.
 - 19. (Canceled).
- 20. (Currently Amended) The method recited in claim 1 wherein the **first** uppercladding layer has a refractive index between about 1.4443 and 1.4473 at a wavelength of 1550 nm.
 - 21. 29. (Canceled).